

Semantic Engines : An Introduction to Mind Design

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발표 : 이동주

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Cognitive Science (1)

- ◆ Hobbes(1651)
 - “Reasoning is but reckoning”
- ◆ Cognitive Science : 인지 과학
 - information processing
 - symbol manipulation
 - Artificial Intelligence

Cognitive Science (2)

- Philosophical Dilemmas

- 1) metaphysical problem of mind interacting with matter
- 2) theoretical problem of explaining the relevance of meanings, without appealing to a question-begging homunculus
- 3) methodological issue over the empirical testability of mentalistic explanations

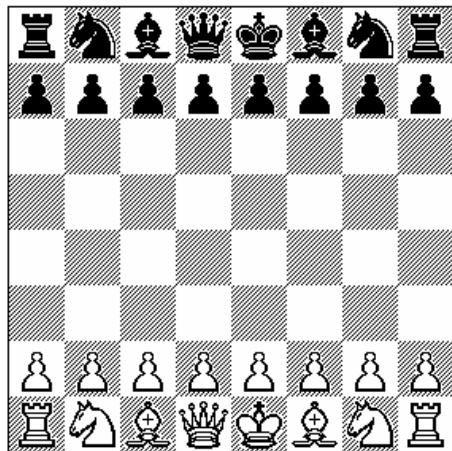
Formal Systems (1)

- ◆ What a computer is?
 - Automatic Formal System
 - ◆ Formal System
 - just like a token moving game to goal position
 - what the tokens are
 - what the starting position is
 - what moves are allowed in any given position
 - self-defined (no relationship with outside world)
 - perfectly definite
 - finitely checkable
- => digital!!
- ex)
 - chess game, mathematical and logical system
- ◆ Formal Equivalence!

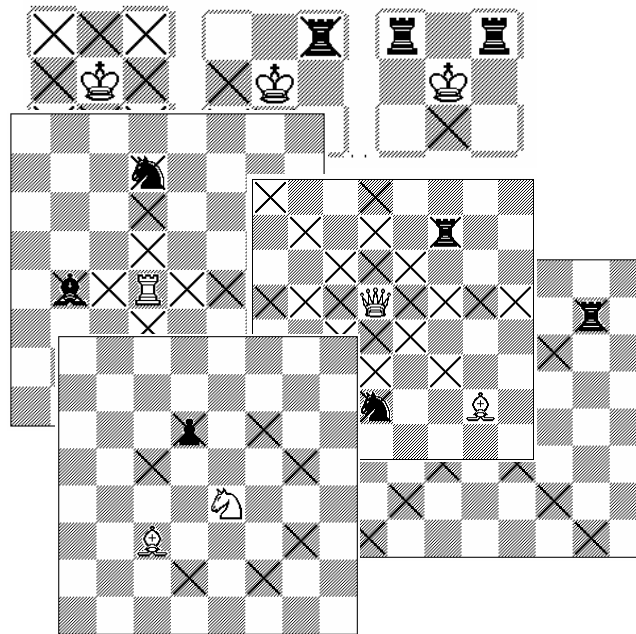
Formal Systems (2)

- chess game

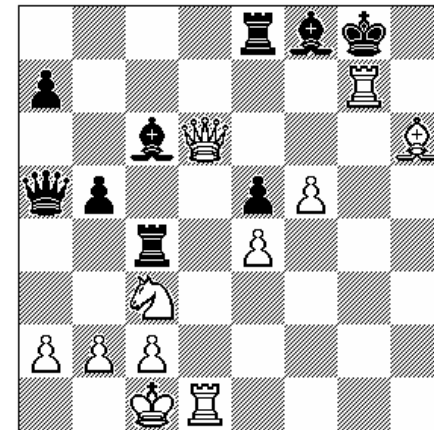
starting position



possible movements



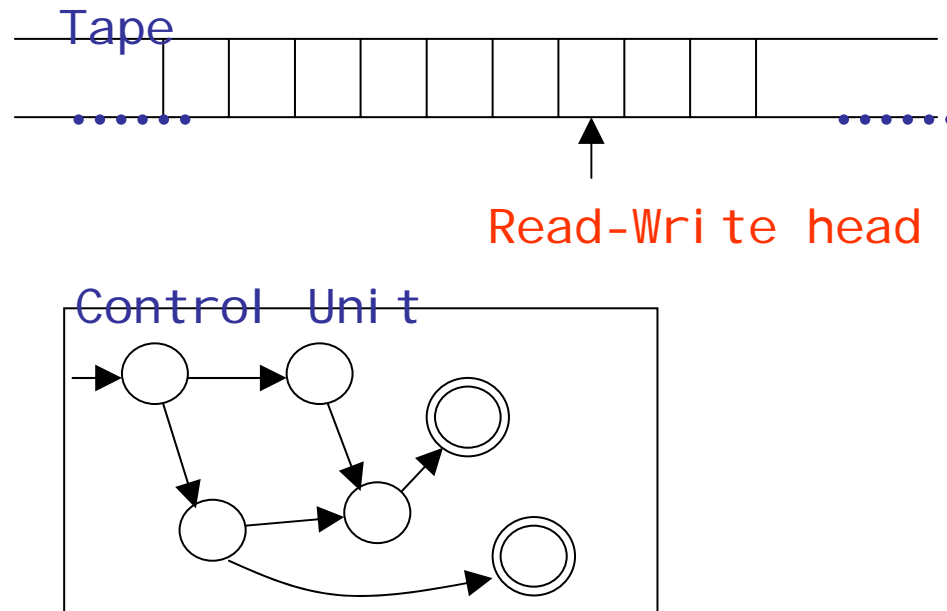
goal



Automatic Formal Systems (Turing Machines and Computers)

- ◆ automatically manipulates the tokens of some formal system according to the rules of that system
- ◆ Turing machine
 - an unlimited number of storage bin
 - a finite number of execution units
 - one indicator unit
- ◆ any automatic formal system can be formally imitated by some Turing Machine => virtual machine, program

Turing Machine



- ◆ universal Turing Machine
 - can be programmed to imitate any other Turing Machine
 - interpreter, compiler
- ◆ not a computer but “automatic formal system”

The Control Problem

- ◆ each step has to be made “automatically”
- ◆ two submachine
 - one generate a number of legal options
 - another choose from among them
- ◆ which is the relevant action or move
 - heuristics
 - algorithms

Control Problem

Digital and Analog

- ◆ Digital system
 - self-contained, perfectly definite, finitely checkable
- ◆ Analog system
 - not clearly defined move, rule, position
- ◆ analog can be digitally simulated
- ◆ but digital simulation is limited to special cases only certain few variables and relationships are relevant

Semantics

- ◆ tokens sometimes means something
- ◆ what they are *“about”*
- ◆ Semantic Properties
 - what any token means or says, hence whether it is true or false, and so on

“A machine can handle meanings”

- ◆ f is the basic inspiration of cognitive science
- ◆ C and truth preserving rules, if we take care of the syntax,
and truth preserving rules, if we take care of the syntax,
the semantics will take care of itself => *semantic engine* (Daniel Dennett 1981)

Interpretation and Truth (1)

Interpretation 1		Interpretation 2	
1 : equals	6 : zero	1 : equals	6 : zero
2 : plus	7 : nine	2 : div. by	7 : nine
3 : minus	8 : eight	3 : times	8 : eight
4 : times	9 : seven	4 : minus	9 : seven
5 : div. by	0 : six	5 : plus	0 : six
9 ÷ 9 = 8	1 + 1 = 2	12 × 4 = 48	5 = 4 + 7 - 6
1 = 83 + 7	9 = 27 ÷ 3	10 = 16 - 6	8 - 4 = 3 + 1

Interpretation and Truth (2)

- ◆ formal tokens in themselves never intrinsically favor one interpretation scheme over any other
- ◆ if we regard an interpretation as relating or connecting a formal system to the outside world, then the distinctiveness of the preferred interpretation should lie in that relation – truth preserving
- ◆ interpreting is “making sense of”

Interpretation and Pragmatics

- ◆ conditions on “making sense”
 - rationality
 - reliable interaction with the world via transducer
 - conversational cooperation
- ◆ Interpreting an automatic formal system is finding a way of construing its outputs such that they consistently make reasonable sense in the light of the system’s prior inputs and other outputs

Cognitive Science!!

- ◆ intelligent beings = semantic engines
 - automatic formal systems with interpretations under which they consistently make sense
- ◆ it is possible that all is wrong
 - hollow shell
 - consciousness, original intentionality, caring
 - poor substitute
 - deals with defined problem